

CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF OXNARD

ORDINANCE NO. 2615

ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF OXNARD, CALIFORNIA, CONCERNING AFFORDABLE HOUSING REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW DEVELOPMENTS AND IN-LIEU AFFORDABLE HOUSING PAYMENTS

WHEREAS, the State of California has declared that the provision of affordable housing in all communities for all segments of the population is a matter of statewide importance and concern; and

WHEREAS, the State of California requires all cities and counties to adopt and implement a general plan which governs many of the overall land use and planning issues for the local agency to use as a guideline for future development, including affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, the City of Oxnard adopted the 2020 General Plan which includes several specific elements, including the Growth Management Element, the Land Use Element, and a Housing Element, which all contain certain goals, objectives and policies concerning affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, the 2020 General Plan Growth Management Element encourages the adoption of implementation measures which would promote a match between the price of housing and the household income of all Oxnard residents; and

WHEREAS, the 2020 General Plan Land Use Element requires a balanced community that meets the housing needs of all segments of the community and also provides for a balance between jobs and housing within the community; and

WHEREAS, the 2020 General Plan Housing Element contains a requirement that the City provide for a variety of housing types throughout the City which meet the needs of all economic segments of the community, including affordable housing units; and

WHEREAS, State law provides that legal actions may be brought to prohibit new residential housing if the 2020 General Plan Housing Element is not complied with; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has received an affordable housing report which found that low and very low income families, especially large and farm worker families, in the community are experiencing a housing shortage; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has stated in the 2020 General Plan and the Housing and Land Use Elements, that one of the major goals of the City is to achieve a balanced community with housing available for households of all income levels, so that the low and very low income families may have housing available at an affordable cost; and

WHEREAS, the affordable housing report further found that low and very low income families are living within the community in severely overcrowded housing and/or in housing that is not decent, safe and sanitary; and

WHEREAS, the affordable housing report further found that federal and state housing subsidy programs are not sufficient by themselves to satisfy all of the housing needs of low and very low income households, which has further exacerbated the availability of affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, the affordable housing report found that the housing shortage of new housing affordable to low and very low income families is detrimental to the public health, safety and welfare and that the City is required by California public policy to make available an adequate supply of housing for persons of all economic segments of the community, including low and very low income families; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds that new residential development enjoys the benefits of public resources and City facilities and must participate in protecting and enhancing the public welfare by helping to meet the goals and objectives for affordable housing set out in the 2020 General Plan and its various elements; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds that new residential development that does not include affordable housing on site reduces the limited inventory of real property in the city that may be used to develop affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires to establish a policy for the provision of affordable housing on a City-wide basis for all new development; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires that a program exist to allow new residential development to provide an in-lieu affordable housing payment in place of providing affordable housing units on site, which in-lieu payment would allow other affordable housing goals and objective to be met throughout the City; and

WHEREAS, based on the foregoing recitals, on April 20, 1999, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 11,570, establishing affordable housing requirements and in-lieu fees; and

WHEREAS, on October 5, 1999, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 11,645, amending Resolution No. 11,570, and on October 19, 1999, adopted Resolution No. 11,651, repealing Resolution No. 11,645; and

WHEREAS, on October 19, 1999, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 11,652, amending Resolution No. 11,570 to exempt certain projects there from; and

WHEREAS, on October 26, 1999, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2506, establishing the affordable housing requirements contained in Resolution Nos. 11,570 and 11,652 by ordinance; and

WHEREAS, on December 5, 2000, the Council adopted Ordinance No. 2545, making certain adjustments to Ordinance No. 2506; and

WHEREAS, on January 29, 2002, the City Council considered a report of the Ad Hoc Affordable Housing Incentives Committee, which report made recommendations to the City Council concerning affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, based upon such report and upon staff recommendations, based upon staff's experience in implementation of affordable housing requirements, the City Council wishes to make adjustments to Ordinance No. 2545; and

WHEREAS, as this ordinance does not establish a new affordable housing program, but only makes certain adjustments to Ordinance No. 2545, the City Council finds that there is no possibility that adoption of this ordinance may have a significant effect on the environment; that the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payments adopted by this ordinance create government funding mechanisms that do not involve any commitment to any specific project and thus do not constitute a project, as defined by Section 15378(b)(4) of the State California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines; and that consequently adoption of this ordinance is not subject to CEQA.

NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Oxnard does ordain as follows:

Part 1. All recitals set forth hereinabove are found and determined to be true and correct and are incorporated into this ordinance by this reference.

Part 2. The findings and references to affordable housing that are contained in the 2020 General Plan, as set out in Attachment 1 to the staff agenda report on affordable housing, dated April 8, 1999, and the staff reports considered at the City Council meetings held on November 14, 2000, in connection with the adoption of Ordinance No. 2545, and the staff report considered on January 29, 2002 in connection with the report of the ad hoc affordable housing committee, all on file with the City Clerk, are incorporated by reference as findings in support of the affordable housing requirements set out in this ordinance.

Part 3. All new residential projects, containing ten or more dwelling units to be offered for sale shall include a number of dwelling units equal to not less than 10% of the total number of dwelling units offered for sale in the project that shall be sold at an affordable housing cost to persons and families of lower income, as defined in California Health and Safety Code Section 50079.5. Each such affordable dwelling unit shall have at least three bedrooms, provided that if a project contains at least ten two bedroom units, two bedroom affordable units may be provided in the same percentage ratio to all affordable units as the percentage ratio of two bedroom market rate units bears to the total number of market rate units in the project. For purposes of this ordinance, the term "units offered for sale" includes units classified as condominium units under California law.

Part 4. All new residential projects containing ten or more dwelling units to be offered for rent shall include a number of dwelling units equal to not less than 5% of the total number of

dwelling units in the project offered for rent that shall be rented at an affordable rent to persons and families of very low income, as defined in California Health and Safety Code section 50105, and shall include an additional number of dwelling units equal to not less than 5% of the total number of dwelling units in the project offered for rent at an affordable rent to persons and families of lower income, as defined in California Health and Safety Code section 50079.5. If the number of bedrooms per unit varies within a project, the number of low and very low income units of each bedroom numbers must meet the requirements of this part 4, i.e., affordable units shall be proportionately distributed throughout the project by bedroom size.

Part 5. As used in this ordinance, the term "housing cost" includes the costs described in 25 California Code of Regulations section 6920, except that in determining housing cost under this ordinance the amount paid for maintenance and utilities will not be included. For purposes of calculating mortgage loan cost, a prevailing market interest rate for a fixed interest rate loan will be used. As used in this ordinance, the word "rent" has the meaning ascribed to such word in 25 California Code of Regulations section 6918. For purposes of this ordinance, "affordable housing cost or rent" shall mean:

- (a) With respect to a low income person or family, rent or housing cost not in excess of 30% of 80% of the Area Median Income for the Ventura County Metropolitan Statistical Area, adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit in question, as set forth in Section 6932 of Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations; and
- (b) With respect to a very low income person or family, rent or housing cost not in excess of 30% of 50% of the Area Median Income for the Ventura County Metropolitan Statistical Area, adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit in question, as set forth in Section 6932 of the Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations.

Prior to offering for sale or rental the first unit which the developer intends to qualify as an affordable unit under Part 3 or Part 4 of this ordinance, the developer shall submit to the City's Housing Director the proposed sale price or rental amount for all the affordable units and the dates upon which the affordable units will be offered for sale or rental, and thereafter, any other information requested by the City's Housing Director. The Housing Director shall review the information submitted, and within 30 days of receipt of all requested information, shall determine whether the sales price or rental amount is affordable as provided in Parts 3 and 4. Thereafter, if the developer desires to increase the sales price or initial rental amount for any for sale affordable units, the developer must obtain the approval of the Housing Director. A developer may appeal a decision of the Housing Director made pursuant to this Part 5 within the time and following the procedures (including payment of the fee) set forth in the Oxnard City Code section 34-155 et seq. for appeal of a decision of the Planning Commission denying a special use permit.

Part 6. Not later than the date of application for the first building permit for a project that is subject to Part 3 or 4 of this ordinance, the developer shall cause to be recorded in the office of the Ventura County Recorder covenants approved in form and substance by the Housing Director. Such covenants shall identify the affordable dwelling units, restrict the qualifying

income of purchasers and tenants of such units, specify the maximum housing cost for such units, and require that such units remain affordable for at least 20 years. The covenants shall provide that the developer shall require any purchaser of an affordable unit or project to execute a resale restriction agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the City's Housing Director, which resale restriction agreement shall provide for continuing affordability in the sale or rental of units for at least 20 years. The covenants shall run with the land. If the original developer or a subsequent owner complies with the covenants and/or resale restriction agreement by conveying the project or unit only to an eligible low or very low income transferee at an affordable cost as provided in this ordinance, the developer or such owner shall not be responsible for any violation of such covenants or resale restriction agreement by future transferees.

Part 7. Such affordable units shall be designed and constructed so as to be substantially similar to other (unrestricted) units in the project. Affordable units shall be uniformly dispersed throughout the project. As part of the developer's application for any land use approvals required for the project and prior to the date upon which the application is deemed complete, the developer shall submit to the City planning staff such documents and plans as planning staff determines are necessary and appropriate for the City to determine that the requirements of this ordinance have been met. The developer may, as part of such submission, request modification of the requirement of this ordinance that affordable units be uniformly dispersed throughout the project and be substantially similar in lot and building size. The City Council, Planning Commission, or other decision making person or body may grant such a request if such person or body determines that granting the request will not affect the quality of the project or the affordable units, and will not result in discrimination on any legally prohibited basis.

Part 8. As part of the developer's application for land use approvals required for the project and prior to the date upon which the application is deemed complete, the developer of a project that is subject to this ordinance may request in writing that instead of providing such affordable housing within the proposed project, the developer shall provide such affordable housing on specified off-site land. The request shall be presented to the City Council, which shall determine in its sole discretion whether the land is suitable for affordable housing. If the City Council determines that the land is suitable, the developer shall enter into an agreement with the City to provide affordable housing on such land. The agreement shall provide for affordable units in a number not less than the number of on-site units required by this ordinance for the project. The agreement shall contain conditions and provisions requiring the construction of such affordable units prior to or concurrent with construction of the project, unless the City Council determines in its sole discretion that such a condition is not necessary to ensure that the affordable units are constructed. The agreement may contain such other terms and conditions as the City Council determines are necessary or appropriate.

Part 9. The developer shall establish and at all times maintain a written list of Oxnard residents qualified to purchase or rent each of the affordable units. The developer shall offer the affordable units to qualified Oxnard resident buyers or renters on the waiting list first and give preference to them until there are no qualified Oxnard residents on the waiting list. At such time, the developer may make units available to all other prospective buyers or renters meeting the income limitations for such units.

Part 10. As part of the developer's application for any land use approvals for a project that is subject to this ordinance and prior to the date that the application is deemed complete, the developer may request that instead of providing such affordable housing units within the proposed project or off site, the developer make an in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment to the City's Affordable Housing Trust Fund. As of the effective date of this ordinance, the amount of the Affordable Housing Payment is \$3,512 for each rental unit in the project and \$4,235 for each for sale unit in the project. The Manager shall grant such a request if either of the following criteria are met:

- (a) The City has met over 80% of the housing production goals set by the City's Housing Element for very low income households and lower income households, by January 1, 2004 or earlier. If such goals are not met by January 1, 2004, this criterion shall not apply. A for sale or rental unit shall be counted towards the production goals when affordable housing covenants as described in part 6 of this ordinance are recorded. If the unit for which covenants are recorded is not completed within two years from the date the covenant is recorded, the Housing Director shall remove the unit from the count.
- (b) The project is a for sale project and the average sales price of all the units in the project or in one or more individual tracts within the project is over \$350,000. The developer shall present the proposed pricing structure of the project or individual tracts to the Manager with the written request to make in-lieu Affordable Housing Payments. The Manager shall determine whether and to what extent the request shall be granted. If a request is approved for individual tracts within the project, the developer is not relieved of the obligation to comply with Part 3 or 4 of this ordinance with regard to the remainder of the project.

Part 11. If a developer's request to make an in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment is granted, the developer shall make the Affordable Housing Payment for each unit before the date of issuance of the first building permit for the project. Within 60 days after a developer's request to make an in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment is granted, the developer may request in writing that the City allow the developer to satisfy all or part of the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment by dedicating specified off-site land to the City. With such request, the developer shall submit a written M.A.I. appraisal of the land. The City may require that the developer pay for an additional M.A.I. appraisal obtained by the City. The City Council shall determine the market value of the land, based on the appraisals provided or paid for by the developer and any other reliable data. The City Council shall also determine whether the land is suitable for affordable housing and meets the City's needs for sites for affordable housing. If the City Council so determines and the Mayor executes a certificate of acceptance for the land, the City shall apply the market value of the land to the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment owed. If the market value of the land is less than the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment, the developer shall pay the difference. If the market value of the land is more than the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment, dedication of the land shall be deemed the equivalent of making the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment, and the developer shall not be entitled to any payment for the excess market value. The developer shall deed to the City land so accepted before the developer applies for the first building permit for the project.

Part 12. Beginning on January 1, 2003 and on every January 1 thereafter, City staff shall adjust the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment set in the first paragraph of Part 10 of this ordinance and the average sales price set in subpart B of Part 10 of this ordinance by the percentage increase or decrease for the previous year as determined by the Los Angeles-Riverside-Orange County Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers.

Part 13. All in-lieu Affordable Housing Payments shall be deposited in the City's Affordable Housing Trust Fund and used exclusively to provide affordable housing and affordable housing assistance to persons and families of lower and very low income.

Part 14. The City Council finds that the amount of the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment is supported by the staff report considered at the City Council meeting held on September 26, 2000, on file with the City Clerk, which sets out detailed financial information concerning affordable housing. From time to time, the City Council may adjust the amount of the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment to provide for a different amount than provided in Part 10 of this ordinance.

Part 15. This ordinance does not apply to the following new residential projects of ten or more dwelling units:

- (a) Projects located in areas that are subject to a specific plan adopted by the City that requires such projects to provide as many or more affordable units for lower and very low income persons and families as does this ordinance.
- (b) Projects located in areas that are subject to a redevelopment plan adopted by the Oxnard Community Development Commission.
- (c) Projects, or individual tracts within projects, that receive a density bonus and/or another incentive or concession pursuant to Government Code section 65915 or 65915.5 and the City's density bonus ordinance.

Part 16. This ordinance shall be uncodified.


Part 17. This ordinance replaces Ordinance No. 2545. However, Ordinance No. 2545 is not repealed. If all or any part of this ordinance be declared invalid by the courts, and Ordinance No. 2545 be not declared invalid, Ordinance No. 2545 shall apply to the subjects addressed by the portions of this ordinance declared invalid, or, if this ordinance is declared invalid in its entirety, shall supplant this ordinance.

Part 18. Within fifteen days after passage, the City Clerk shall cause this ordinance to be published one time in a newspaper of general circulation within the City. Ordinance No. 2615 was first read on Nov. 26, 2002, and finally adopted on Dec. 3, 2002, to become effective thirty days thereafter.

AYES: Councilmembers Maulhardt, Pinkard, Zaragoza, Herrera and Lopez.


NOES: None.

ABSENT: None.



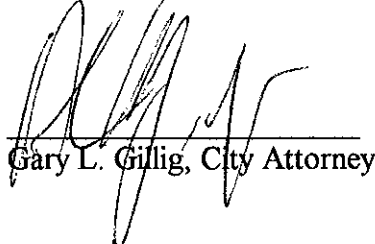
Dr. Manuel M. Lopez, Mayor

ATTEST:



Daniel Martinez, City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:



Gary L. Gillig, City Attorney

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CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF OXNARD

ORDINANCE NO. 2688

ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF OXNARD, CALIFORNIA. AMENDING
ORDINANCE NO. 2615, CONCERNING DENSITY BONUS PROJECTS

WHEREAS, this ordinance continues current administrative practice in applying Ordinance No. 2615, so there is no possibility that adoption of this ordinance may have a significant effect on the environment, and the City Council finds that Section 15061(b)(3) of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations exempts such adoption from the California Environmental Quality Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Oxnard does ordain as follows:

Part 1. In subsection c of Part 15 of Ordinance No. 2615, the words "65915 or" are deleted.

Part 2. Part 4A is added to Ordinance No. 2615, to read:

"Part 4A. In a project that receives a density bonus pursuant to Government Code section 65915 or 65915.5, the calculation pursuant to Parts 3 and 4 hereof of the number of dwelling units to be offered for sale or rent shall be based on the number of units before the density bonus is applied."

Part 3. Within fifteen days after passage, the City Clerk shall cause this ordinance to be published one time in a newspaper of general circulation within the city. Ordinance No. 2688 was first read on June 21, 2005, and finally adopted on June 28, 2005, to become effective thirty days thereafter.

AYES: Councilmembers Maulhardt, Zaragoza, Flynn and Holden.

NOES: None.

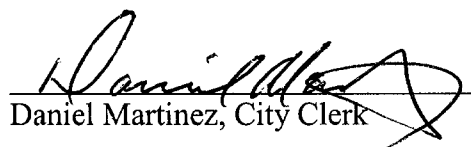
ABSENT: Mayor Pro Tem Herrera.



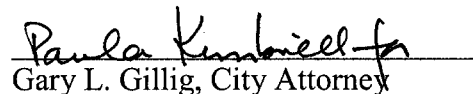
Dr. Thomas E. Holden, Mayor

ATTEST:

APPROVED AS TO FORM:



Daniel Martinez, City Clerk



Gary L. Gillig, City Attorney

CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF OXNARD

UNCODIFIED ORDINANCE NO. 2721

ORDINANCE OF THE CITY OF OXNARD, CALIFORNIA, CONCERNING AFFORDABLE HOUSING REQUIREMENTS FOR NEW DEVELOPMENTS AND IN-LIEU AFFORDABLE HOUSING PAYMENTS

WHEREAS, the State of California has declared that the provision of affordable housing in all communities for all segments of the population is a matter of statewide importance and concern; and

WHEREAS, the State of California requires all cities and counties to adopt and implement a general plan which governs many of the overall land use and planning issues for the local agency to use as a guideline for future development, including affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, the City of Oxnard adopted the 2020 General Plan which includes several specific elements, including the Growth Management Element, the Land Use Element, and a Housing Element, which all contain certain goals, objectives and policies concerning affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, the 2020 General Plan Growth Management Element encourages the adoption of implementation measures which would promote a match between the price of housing and the household income of all Oxnard residents; and

WHEREAS, the 2020 General Plan Land Use Element requires a balanced community that meets the housing needs of all segments of the community and also provides for a balance between jobs and housing within the community; and

WHEREAS, the 2020 General Plan Housing Element contains a requirement that the City provide for a variety of housing types throughout the City which meet the needs of all economic segments of the community, including affordable housing units; and

WHEREAS, State law provides that legal actions may be brought to prohibit new residential housing if the 2020 General Plan Housing Element is not complied with; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has received an affordable housing report which found that low and very low income families, especially large and farm worker families, in the community are experiencing a housing shortage; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has stated in the 2020 General Plan and the Housing and Land Use Elements, that one of the major goals of the City is to achieve a balanced community with housing available for households of all income levels, so that the low and very low income families may have housing available at an affordable cost; and

WHEREAS, the affordable housing report further found that low and very low income families are living within the community in severely overcrowded housing and/or in housing that is not decent, safe and sanitary; and

WHEREAS, the affordable housing report further found that federal and state housing subsidy programs are not sufficient by themselves to satisfy all of the housing needs of low and very low income households, which has further exacerbated the availability of affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, the affordable housing report found that the housing shortage of new housing affordable to low and very low income families is detrimental to the public health, safety and welfare and that the City is required by California public policy to make available an adequate supply of housing for persons of all economic segments of the community, including low and very low income families; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds that new residential development enjoys the benefits of public resources and City facilities and must participate in protecting and enhancing the public welfare by helping to meet the goals and objectives for affordable housing set out in the 2020 General Plan and its various elements; and

WHEREAS, the City Council finds that new residential development that does not include affordable housing on site reduces the limited inventory of real property in the city that may be used to develop affordable housing; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires to establish a policy for the provision of affordable housing on a City-wide basis for all new development; and

WHEREAS, the City Council desires that a program exist to allow new residential development to provide an in-lieu affordable housing payment in place of providing affordable housing units on site, which in-lieu payment would allow other affordable housing goals and objectives to be met throughout the City; and

WHEREAS, based on the foregoing recitals, on April 20, 1999, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 11,570, establishing affordable housing requirements and in-lieu fees; and

WHEREAS, on October 5, 1999, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 11,645, amending Resolution No. 11,570, and on October 19, 1999, adopted Resolution No. 11,651, repealing Resolution No. 11,645; and

WHEREAS, on October 19, 1999, the City Council adopted Resolution No. 11,652, amending Resolution No. 11,570 to exempt certain projects there from; and

WHEREAS, on October 26, 1999, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2506, establishing the affordable housing requirements contained in Resolution Nos. 11,570 and 11,652 by ordinance; and

WHEREAS, on December 5, 2000, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2545, making certain adjustments to Ordinance No. 2506; and

WHEREAS, on March 5, 2002, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2594, providing a procedure to appeal application of Ordinance No. 2545, and any successor ordinance, on the basis that its application to a specific project was unconstitutional; and

WHEREAS, December 3, 2002, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2615, replacing Ordinance No. 2545; and

WHEREAS, on June 28, 2005, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 2688, making adjustments to Ordinance No. 2615; and

WHEREAS, the City Council now desires to amend Part 10 of Ordinance No. 2615 and make other minor adjustments thereto and reenact Ordinance No. 2615 as amended; and

WHEREAS, as this ordinance does not establish a new affordable housing program, but only makes certain adjustments to Ordinance No. 2615, the City Council finds that there is no possibility that adoption of this ordinance may have a significant effect on the environment; that the in-lieu Affordable Housing Payments adopted by this ordinance create government funding mechanisms that do not involve any commitment to any specific project and thus do not constitute a project, as defined by Section 15378(b)(4) of the State California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines; and that consequently adoption of this ordinance is not subject to CEQA.

NOW, THEREFORE, the City Council of the City of Oxnard does ordain as follows:

Part 1. All recitals set forth hereinabove are found and determined to be true and correct and are incorporated into this ordinance by this reference.

Part 2. The findings and references to affordable housing that are contained in the 2020 General Plan, as set out in Attachment 1 to the staff agenda report on affordable housing, dated April 8, 1999, and the staff reports considered at the City Council meetings held on November 14, 2000, in connection with the adoption of Ordinance No. 2545, the staff report considered on January 29, 2002 in connection with the report of the ad hoc affordable housing committee, and the staff report dated July 20, 2004, all on file with the City Clerk, are incorporated by reference as findings in support of the affordable housing requirements set out in this ordinance.

Part 3. All new residential projects containing ten or more dwelling units to be offered for sale shall include a number of dwelling units equal to not less than 10% of the total number of dwelling units offered for sale in the project that shall be sold at an affordable housing cost to persons and families of lower income, as defined in California Health and Safety Code Section 50079.5. Each such affordable dwelling unit shall have at least three bedrooms, provided that if a project contains at least ten two bedroom units, two bedroom affordable units may be provided in the same percentage ratio to all affordable units as the percentage ratio of two bedroom market rate units bears to the total number of market rate units in the project. For purposes of this

ordinance, the term “units offered for sale” includes units classified as condominium units under California law.

Part 4. All new residential projects containing ten or more dwelling units to be offered for rent shall include a number of dwelling units equal to not less than 5% of the total number of dwelling units in the project offered for rent that shall be rented at an affordable rent to persons and families of very low income, as defined in California Health and Safety Code section 50105, and shall include an additional number of dwelling units equal to not less than 5% of the total number of dwelling units in the project offered for rent at an affordable rent to persons and families of lower income, as defined in California Health and Safety Code section 50079.5. If the number of bedrooms per unit varies within a project, the number of low and very low income units of each bedroom numbers must meet the requirements of this part 4, i.e., affordable units shall be proportionately distributed throughout the project by bedroom size.

Part 5. As used in this ordinance, the term “housing cost” includes the costs described in 25 California Code of Regulations section 6920, except that in determining housing cost under this ordinance the amount paid for maintenance and utilities will not be included. For purposes of calculating mortgage loan cost, a prevailing market interest rate for a fixed interest rate loan will be used. As used in this ordinance, the word “rent” has the meaning ascribed to such word in 25 California Code of Regulations section 6918. For purposes of this ordinance, “affordable housing cost or rent” shall mean:

- (a) With respect to a low income person or family, rent or housing cost not in excess of 30% of 80% of the Area Median Income for the Ventura County Metropolitan Statistical Area, adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit in question, as set forth in Section 6932 of Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations; and
- (b) With respect to a very low income person or family, rent or housing cost not in excess of 30% of 50% of the Area Median Income for the Ventura County Metropolitan Statistical Area, adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit in question, as set forth in Section 6932 of the Title 25 of the California Code of Regulations.

Prior to offering for sale or rental the first unit which the developer intends to qualify as an affordable unit under Part 3 or Part 4 of this ordinance, the developer shall submit to the City’s Housing Director the proposed sale price or rental amount for all the affordable units and the dates upon which the affordable units will be offered for sale or rental, and thereafter, any other information requested by the City’s Housing Director. The Housing Director shall review the information submitted, and within 30 days of receipt of all requested information, shall determine whether the sales price or rental amount is affordable as provided in Parts 3 and 4. Thereafter, if the developer desires to increase the sales price or initial rental amount for any for sale affordable units, the developer must obtain the approval of the Housing Director. A developer may appeal a decision of the Housing Director made pursuant to this Part 5 within the time and following the procedures (including payment of the fee) set forth in the Oxnard City

Code section 16-545 et seq. for appeal of a decision of the Planning Commission denying a special use permit.

Part 6. Not later than the date of application for the first building permit for a project that is subject to Part 3 or 4 of this ordinance, the developer shall cause to be recorded in the office of the Ventura County Recorder covenants approved in form and substance by the Housing Director. Such covenants shall identify the affordable dwelling units, restrict the qualifying income of purchasers and tenants of such units, specify the maximum housing cost for such units, and require that such units remain affordable for at least 20 years. The covenants shall provide that the developer shall require any purchaser of an affordable unit or project to execute a resale restriction agreement in form and substance satisfactory to the City's Housing Director, which resale restriction agreement shall provide for continuing affordability in the sale or rental of units for at least 20 years. The covenants shall run with the land. If the original developer or a subsequent owner complies with the covenants and/or resale restriction agreement by conveying the project or unit only to an eligible low or very low income transferee at an affordable cost as provided in this ordinance, the developer or such owner shall not be responsible for any violation of such covenants or resale restriction agreement by future transferees.

Part 7. Such affordable units shall be designed and constructed so as to be architecturally consistent with and qualitatively similar to other (unrestricted) units in the project. Generally, affordable units shall be dispersed throughout the project. As part of the developer's application for any land use approvals required for the project and prior to the date upon which the application is deemed complete, the developer shall submit to the City planning staff such documents and plans as planning staff determines are necessary and appropriate for the City to determine that the requirements of this ordinance have been met and that the design and placement of the affordable units will not affect the quality of the project or the affordable units, and will not result in discrimination on any legally prohibited basis. The City Council, Planning Commission, or other decision making person or body with final approval over the project shall make such determination. The determination of such decision making body shall be made exercising its sole, good faith, discretion.

Part 8. As part of the developer's application for land use approvals required for the project and prior to the date upon which the application is deemed complete, the developer of a project that is subject to this ordinance may request in writing that instead of providing such affordable housing within the proposed project, the developer shall provide such affordable housing on specified off-site land. The request shall be presented to the City Council, which shall determine in its sole discretion whether the land is suitable for affordable housing. If the City Council determines that the land is suitable, the developer shall enter into an agreement with the City to provide affordable housing on such land. The agreement shall provide for affordable units in a number not less than the number of on-site units required by this ordinance for the project. The agreement shall contain conditions and provisions requiring the construction of such affordable units prior to or concurrent with construction of the project, unless the City Council determines in its sole discretion that such a condition is not necessary to ensure that the affordable units are constructed. The agreement may contain such other terms and conditions as the City Council determines are necessary or appropriate.

Part 9. The developer shall establish and at all times maintain a written list of Oxnard residents qualified to purchase or rent each of the affordable units. The developer shall offer the affordable units to qualified Oxnard resident buyers or renters on the waiting list first and give preference to them until there are no qualified Oxnard residents on the waiting list. At such time, the developer may make units available to all other prospective buyers or renters meeting the income limitations for such units.

10. A developer may, following the procedure set forth in this Part 10, make a written request that instead of providing such affordable housing units within the proposed project or off site, the developer make an in-lieu Affordable Housing Payment (“Payment”) to the City’s Affordable Housing In Lieu Fee Fund.

(a) All projects for which the developer makes a request to make a Payment shall be subject to the City’s pre-application process. During the pre-application process, the City Council shall determine whether a Payment may be made and the amount and nature of the Payment.

The City Council shall consider the following factors in determining whether to grant a request:

- a. the size, type and nature of the lots and homes and/or apartment buildings and units proposed for the development;
- b. the prices for which the developer plans to sell the market rate homes or rent market rate apartment units;
- c. the extent to which the proposed development may be designed or redesigned to allow the production of quality units at lower costs; and
- d. the extent to which City is meeting the affordable housing goals of its 2020 General Plan.

(b) If the request is granted, the developer shall make a Payment of 1% of the sales price of each for sale unit in the project, as set out in Parts 10(c) and (d) below, with a minimum Payment of \$5,000 for each for sale unit, and a Payment of \$4590 for each rental unit. Payment for each rental unit shall be made when the developer applies for a building permit for that unit.

(c) With regard to for sale units, the developer shall make the Payment based on the developer’s good faith estimate of the sales price of the unit. The Payment referenced in Part 10(b) shall be \$5,000 for a unit for which the estimated sales price is \$500,000 or less. If the estimated sales price is over \$500,000, the Payment shall be 1% of the estimated sales price, based on increments of \$50,000. For example, the Payment shall be \$5,500 for a unit for which the estimated sales price is between \$500,000.01 and \$550,000.00, and the Payment shall be \$6,000 for a unit for which the estimated sales price is between \$550,000.01 and \$600,000.00, and so forth.

(d) With regard to for sale units, including model units, the Payment shall be made at the time the developer applies for building permits. If the actual sales price is less than the estimated sales price, the developer may, within 30 days of closing the sale of the last unit in the tract in which the unit is located, provide information sufficient to verify the actual sales price to the Development Services Manager. If the actual sales price is less than the estimated sales price by an amount which places the unit in a lower \$50,000 increment, the City shall within 30 days of receipt of verification of such actual sales price, refund to the developer the difference between a Payment made on the estimated sales price and the Payment due on the actual sales price. If the actual sales price exceeds the estimated sales price so as to place the unit in a higher \$50,000 increment, the developer shall, within 30 days of the close of escrow on the last unit in the tract in which the unit is located, provide to the Development Services Manager evidence reasonably sufficient to verify the actual sales price of the unit, and the developer shall pay the difference between the Payment made on the estimated sales price and the Payment due on the actual sales price. The sales price shall be the base price of the units with standard amenities offered by the developer, and shall not include upgrades which may be ordered at an additional cost to the purchaser.

(e) The developer's failure to timely pay the difference between the Payment made on the estimated sales price and the actual sales price shall subject the developer to the fines and penalties set out in City Code section 1-10.

(f) With regard to rental units, beginning on July 1, 2006, and every six months thereafter, the Housing Director shall adjust the Payment by the percentage increase or decrease for the previous six months as determined by the Los Angeles Riverside-Orange County Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers.

Part 11. If a developer's request to make a Payment is granted, the developer shall make the Payment for each unit before the date of issuance of the first building permit for the project. Within 60 days after a developer's request to make a Payment is granted, the developer may request in writing that the City allow the developer to satisfy all or part of the Payment by dedicating specified off-site land to the City. With such request, the developer shall submit a written M.A.I. appraisal of the land. The City may require that the developer pay for an additional M.A.I. appraisal obtained by the City. The City Council shall determine the market value of the land, based on the appraisals provided or paid for by the developer and any other reliable data. The City Council shall also determine whether the land is suitable for affordable housing and meets the City's needs for sites for affordable housing. If the City Council so determines and the Mayor executes a certificate of acceptance for the land, the City shall apply the market value of the land to the Payment owed. If the market value of the land is less than the Payment, the developer shall pay the difference. If the market value of the land is more than the Payment, dedication of the land shall be deemed the equivalent of making the Payment, and the developer shall not be entitled to any payment for the excess market value. The developer shall deed to the City land so accepted before the developer applies for the first building permit for the project.

Part 12. As provided by Ordinance No. 2594, a developer may appeal to the City Council a decision of the Planning Commission requiring compliance with this ordinance, on the ground that such application of this ordinance to the developer's project results in an unconstitutional taking of property or that there is no reasonable relationship between the impact of the project and such requirements.

Part 13. All in-lieu Affordable Housing Payments shall be deposited in the City's Affordable Housing Trust Fund and used exclusively to provide affordable housing and affordable housing assistance to persons and families of lower and very low income.

Part 14. This ordinance does not apply to the following new residential projects of ten or more dwelling units:

- (a) Projects located in areas that are subject to a specific plan adopted by the City that requires such projects to provide as many or more affordable units for lower and very low income persons and families as does this ordinance.
- (b) Projects located in areas that are subject to a redevelopment plan adopted by the Oxnard Community Development Commission.

Part 15. In a project that receives a density bonus pursuant to Government Code section 65915 or 65915.5, the calculation pursuant to Part 3 or Part 4 of this ordinance of the number of dwelling units to be offered for sale or rent shall be based on the number of units before the density bonus is applied. Affordable units provided pursuant to this ordinance shall not be included in the calculation of affordable units provided pursuant to density bonus statutes, ordinances or resolutions.

Part 16. This ordinance shall be uncodified.

Part 17. This ordinance shall apply to applications for land use approvals that are filed on or after the effective date of this ordinance and to applications for land use approvals that have been filed but have not been accepted as complete as of the effective date of this ordinance.

Part 18. This ordinance replaces Ordinance No. 2615 as to applications for land use approvals described in Part 17. However, Ordinance No. 2615 is not repealed. If all or any part of this ordinance be declared invalid by the courts, and Ordinance No. 2615 be not declared invalid, Ordinance No. 2615 shall apply to the subjects addressed by the portions of this ordinance declared invalid, or, if this ordinance is declared invalid in its entirety, shall supplant this ordinance.

Part 19. Within fifteen days after passage, the City Clerk shall cause this ordinance to be published one time in a newspaper of general circulation within the City. Ordinance No. 2721 was first read on July 11, 2006, and finally adopted on July 18, 2006, to become effective sixty days thereafter.

AYES: Councilmembers Holden, Herrera, Maulhardt, Zaragaoza and Flynn.

NOES: None.

ABSENT: None.


Dr. Thomas E. Holden, Mayor

ATTEST:


for Daniel Martinez, City Clerk

APPROVED AS TO FORM:


Gary L. Gillig, City Attorney